TD2 Correction

Leishmaniasis

Text:

Leishmaniasis is a parasitic *disease* that is found in parts of the tropics, subtropics, and *southern* Europe. Leishmaniasis is caused by infection with *Leishmania* parasites, which are *spread* by the bite of infected *sand flies*. There are several different forms of leishmaniasis in people. The most common forms are **cutaneous leishmaniasis**, which causes skin sores, and **visceral leishmaniasis**, which affects several internal organs (usually spleen, liver, and bone marrow).

Leishmaniasis is a vectorborne disease that is transmitted by sand flies and caused by obligate intracellular protozoa of the genus *Leishmania*. Human infection is caused by more than 20 species. These include the *L. donovani* complex with 2 species (*L. donovani*, *L. infantum* [also known as *L. chagasi* in the New World]); the *L. mexicana* complex with 3 main species (*L. mexicana*, *L. amazonensis*, and *L. venezuelensis*); *L. tropica*; *L. major*; *L. aethiopica*; and the subgenus *Viannia* with 4 main species (*L. [V.] braziliensis*, *L. [V.] guyanensis*, *L. [V.] panamensis*, and *L. [V.] peruviana*). The different species are morphologically *indistinguishable*, but they can be differentiated by <u>isoenzyme analysis</u>, <u>molecular methods</u>, or monoclonal antibodies.

Questions:

- 1. What is the type of microorganisms that cause the leishmaniasis?
- 2. How many hosts the *leishmania* parasite needs to complete his life cycle?
- 3. What is the vector of *leishmania* parasite?
- 4. What are the common forms of leishmaniasis infection?
- 5. Did all the *leishmania* species affect humans?
- 6. Can we distinguish morphologically the *leishmania* species? If not, what are the methods that we can use to identify them?
- 7. Translate the italic words into Arabic and French language.
- 8. Give the definition of the underlined words.
- 9. What are the verb conjugation tenses used in the text?

Correction:

1- Leishmania parasites causes the leishmaniasis

- 2- Leishmania needs two hosts to complete his live cycle
- 3- the vector of *leishmania* parasite is the insect called sand fly
- **4-** Cutaneous leishmaniasis and visceral leishmaniasis
- 5- No, there are *leishmania* species that can infect other vertebrates
- 6- No, but they can be differentiated by isoenzyme analysis, molecular methods, or monoclonal antibodies.

7- Synonyms:

English	French	Arabic
Disease	Maladie	مرض
Southern	Du Sud	جنوبي
Spread	Propagation / diffusion /	انتشار
	dispersion	
Sand flies	Phlébotome	ذباب الرمل
Indistinguishable	Indifférenciable	لا يمكن تمييزه

8- Definition:

Isoenzyme analysis: it is a method utilizes electrophoretic banding patterns to examine the differences in the structure and mobility of a number of intracellular enzymes exists between individual isoforms (from species to species)

Molecular methods: combines laboratory testing with the precision of molecular biology. **Monoclonal antibodies:** they are antibodies made in a laboratory to fight a particular infection than are given to the patient directly in an infusion.

9- The verb conjugation tenses used in the text: Simple present (is / causes...).